

PGIM High Yield Bond Fund Class R (WPGAFX)

Dated: 06-30-2026

Investment Information

Investment Objective & Strategy

The Fund seeks to maximize current income by investing primarily in high-yield bonds rated Ba or lower by Moody's or BB or lower by Standard & Poor's. Capital growth is a secondary goal.

Operations and Management

CUSIP	97184D634
Share Class Inception	01-17-23
Composite Inception	03-01-02
Trustee	Great Gray Trust Company, LLC
Fund Sub-Advisor	PGIM, Inc

Portfolio Manager(s)

Management Team

Morningstar Category: High Yield Bond

Please see "Morningstar Category" section of Disclosure for the category description.

Volatility Analysis

3-Yr Risk Measures as of 06-30-26	Port Avg	Benchmark
Standard Deviation	4.56	4.28
Sharpe Ratio	0.88	0.93
Information Ratio	0.02	—
R-Squared	98.71	—
Beta	1.06	—
Alpha	-0.21	—

Notes

Investments in the Fund (and any underlying funds) are not bank deposits or obligations, and are not insured or guaranteed by Great Gray, any bank, the FDIC, the Federal Reserve or any other governmental entity.

Principal Risks:

For a list of the principal risks of the Fund, please refer to the "Risk Considerations" section of the Disclosure as well as the [Additional Fund Information and Principal Risk Definitions document](#) for more information.

Performance (%)

The chart presents historical performance of the Fund (net of fees and expenses) from its Inception Date (or Reactivation Date if listed under Operations and Management) as compared to the returns of its primary benchmark, a Morningstar category of mutual funds, and a Composite of funds and/or strategies that are similarly managed. Performance is shown for up to 10 years or since Inception/Reactivation, whichever is shorter. The Composite performance has been restated so that it is reduced by an amount that is at least as much as the fees and expenses of this Fund's share class; it is also accompanied by the primary benchmark performance. Actual Fund performance will vary, potentially significantly, from these other performance comparisons which are shown for illustrative purposes only. The performance data represents past performance and does not guarantee future results. **The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate; thus when an investor redeems units in the Fund, the value may be more or less than the original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the return data in the chart.**

Morningstar Proprietary Statistics hypothetically ranks the Fund against a group of funds (which do not include any collective investment funds) in the Morningstar Category described on this page. Morningstar is not paid to provide these ratings and rankings but is compensated for services it provides to produce and populate the content of these fact sheets, among other things. For additional information about Morningstar, its methodology, and compensation arrangements, as well as the Fund, the Composite, and Benchmark, please see the "Performance," "Composite," "Benchmark," "Morningstar," and "Third Party Rating" sections of the Disclosure.



Morningstar Proprietary Statistics

	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Overall
Morningstar Rating™	★★★★	—	—	★★★★
Morningstar Return	Above Avg	—	—	Above Avg
Morningstar Risk	Above Avg	—	—	Above Avg
Out of # of Investments	572	—	—	572

Portfolio Analysis

Composition as of 06-30-26	% Net
U.S. Stocks	0.0
Non-U.S. Stocks	0.0
Bonds	99.9
Cash	-1.5
Other	1.5
Total	100.0

Morningstar Fixed Income Style Box™ as of 06-30-26	
Avg Eff Duration	2.91
Avg Eff Maturity	4.95
Avg Wtd Price	98.44

Top 10 Issuers as of 06-30-26	% Assets
United States of America	8.74
Venture Global Partners II LLC	1.84
Vistra Corp	1.53
NRG Energy Inc	1.35
Uniti Group Inc (Delaware)	1.28
Tenet Healthcare Corporation	1.27
Cavana CO	1.18
Rocket Companies Inc	1.18
Lumen Technologies Inc	1.17
ALLIED UNIVERSAL TOPCO LLC	1.12
Total Number of Stock Holdings	1
Total Number of Bond Holdings	702
Total Share Class Assets (\$mil)	56.05

Top Sector Weightings as of 06-30-26	% Fund
Corporate	84.43
Government	8.95
Cash/Cash Equivalents	4.92
Other	1.16
Securitized	0.54
Municipal	0.00

Credit Analysis: % Bonds as of 06-30-26	
AAA	4
AA	9
A	0
BBB	3
BB	41
B	32
Below B	11
Not Rated	0

Disclosure

Investment Information

Fund Structure. PGIM High Yield Bond Fund CIT CL R ("Fund") is a bank collective investment trust ("CIT") maintained by Great Gray Trust Company, LLC ("Trustee"). The Fund is a "group trust" within the meaning of Internal Revenue Service Revenue Ruling 81-100, as amended. The Fund and its securities are exempt from registration under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Securities Act of 1933, respectively. It is not a mutual fund. See "Comparisons between CITs and Mutual Funds" below. Participation in CITs is limited to qualified retirement plans and certain state and local government plans and is not available to IRAs, non-governmental health and welfare plans and, in certain cases, Keogh (H.R.10) plans. CITs may be suitable investments for plan fiduciaries seeking to construct a well-diversified retirement savings program.

Investment Process

Investment Objective. The Trustee may change the Fund's investment objective, subject to appropriate advance notice. There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its investment objective.

The Fund may invest in the following securities: Issuers represented in the Benchmark and/or eligible for inclusion; obligations of domestic and non-U.S. issuers payable as to principal and interest in U.S. dollars or other currencies; U.S. Treasury and agency securities; preferred securities; trust preferred, hybrids, CoCos, and other capital securities; asset-backed securities, including CLOs, CBOs, and CDOs; fixed income securities issued through a Rule 144A or Reg. S offering; private placement securities (not including Rule 144A or Reg. S securities); floating rate securities; zero coupon, payment-in-kind/toggle, and deferred payment securities; convertible securities; covered bonds; bank loan obligations, including bridge loans, delayed draw term loans, revolvers, and commitments on eligible investments; municipal securities, both taxable and tax exempt; emerging Markets Debt securities of corporate and quasi-sovereign issuers; Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) with underlying assets of eligible investments; derivatives (including, but not limited to Treasury and interest rate futures, interest rate options, forward rate agreements, and interest rate swaps; total return swaps; futures on credit or equity indices; credit default swaps ("CDS"), including sale and purchase on single issuers or CDS indices (e.g., CDX); CDS index options; forward foreign currency contracts, currency options, and currency futures); and Cash, cash equivalents, money market instruments, or Custodian's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF).

The Fund may also invest in interests issued in connection with insolvency, bankruptcy or other restructuring events.

At least 75% of the Fund's assets will be invested in BB+/Ba1 rated securities and below, but no more than 20% in CC/Ca and below rated securities and no more than 20% in unrated debt issues and bank loans (excluding derivatives, ETFs, equity securities and other non-debt instruments).

The Fund's duration will be within +/- 1.25 years of the benchmark.

Non-USD denominated securities are permitted up to a maximum of 20% and must at a minimum be 75% hedged back to USD. This results in a maximum net foreign currency exposure of 5%.

A recent list of holdings may be requested by contacting ciffactsheetandperformancereporting@greatgray.com.

Operations and Management

Trustee: Great Gray Trust Company, LLC ("Trustee") serves as the Fund's trustee and maintains ultimate fiduciary authority over the management of, and investments made in, the Fund. The Trustee is indirectly owned and controlled by investment funds managed by Madison Dearborn Partners, LLC.

Great Gray® and Great Gray Trust Company are service marks used in connection with various fiduciary and non-fiduciary services offered by the Trustee.

Sub-Advisor: PGIM, Inc ("Sub-Advisor") is a registered investment adviser that has been hired by the Trustee to assist it in managing the Fund. However, the Trustee maintains ultimate authority over the Fund.

Prudential Financial, Inc. (PFI)* traces its origins to 1875 with the founding of its insurance affiliate. PFI became a publicly held company in December 2001.

*PFI of the United States is not affiliated in any manner with Prudential plc, incorporated in the United Kingdom or with Prudential Assurance Company, a subsidiary of M&G plc, incorporated in the United Kingdom.

PGIM, Inc. (PGIM)

PGIM is the largest investment adviser within PFI. PGIM has been registered as an investment adviser with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) since December 1984. PGIM or one of its predecessors has been managing proprietary fixed income portfolios since 1875 and accounts for institutional clients since 1928.

PGIM Credit is a global asset manager offering active solutions across all fixed income markets. The company has offices in Newark, New Jersey, London, Amsterdam, France, Germany, Australia, Singapore, Tokyo and Hong Kong. As of March 31, 2026, the firm has \$1,010 billion in assets under management* including \$475 billion in institutional assets, \$202 billion in retail assets, and \$333 billion in proprietary assets.

*Source: PGIM. As of December 31, 2025. Assets under management (AUM) are based on company estimates and are subject to change. Represents fixed income assets under management for PGIM's public and private fixed income investment group (PGIM Credit). Note: AUM/AUA includes \$3.1 billion from Deerpath Capital Management, L.P. ("Deerpath Capital"), a separate SEC registered investment adviser, in which PGIM acquired a majority stake in late 2023.

Risk Considerations

Investments in the Fund (and any underlying funds) are

not bank deposits or obligations, and are not insured or guaranteed by Great Gray, any bank, the FDIC, the Federal Reserve or any other governmental entity.

The value of the Fund's underlying investments will rise and fall according to market activity. Therefore, it is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund. Investors should consider the Fund's investment objective, risks, fees and expenses carefully before investing.

The decision to invest in the Fund and the risks involved in doing so should be carefully considered. The Fund should be considered a long-term investment.

The following principal risks of the Fund are described in the **Additional Fund Information and Principal Risk Definitions:**

Active Management, Bank Loans, Cash Drag, China Region, Commodity, Conflict of Interest, Country or Region, Convertible Securities, Credit and Counterparty, Cybersecurity and Technology, Derivatives, Distressed Investments, Emerging Markets, Equity Securities, (ETF) Exchange-Traded Funds, Financial Sectors, Foreign Securities, Fixed Income Securities, Futures, High-Yield Securities, Income, Industry Sector Investing, Index Correlation/Tracking Error, Inflation/Deflation, Interest Rate, Investment-Grade Securities, Issuer, Long-Term Outlook and Projections, Loss of Money, Not FDIC Insured, Market/Market Volatility, Maturity/Duration, Pricing, Portfolio Diversification, (OTC) Over-the-Counter, Regulation/Government Intervention, Reinvestment, Restricted/Illiquid Securities, Suitability, U.S. Government Obligations, Swaps, Unrated Securities, Warrants.

The value of your investment in the Fund will increase and decrease over time in accordance with changes in the value of the securities held in the Fund. When assets of the Fund are invested in other investment vehicles (such as collective trusts or mutual funds), the Trustee does not have control over the trading policies or strategies of such entities.

Key Comparisons between CITs and Mutual Funds. CITs are tax-qualified investments primarily restricted to the retirement market so investors tend to have a longer-term horizon and the trustee can make investment decisions without tax considerations. Mutual funds are not subject to these investor limits or investment horizons, and must distribute substantially all of their taxable net gains and income to investors. CIT expense structures can be customized to investor channels. Mutual funds generally have less fee flexibility. CITs tend to have lower administrative, marketing and distribution costs than mutual funds due to the differences in how they can be sold and to whom. CITs are maintained by a bank as trustee and are subject to federal or state banking regulation and ERISA fiduciary standards. Mutual funds are managed by registered investment advisers and are subject to extensive SEC regulation and public disclosure and reporting requirements. Both CITs and mutual funds are generally priced and traded daily, subject to annual financial audits, and benefit from their pooled structure that aggregates investor funds and can provide greater diversification than individual accounts.

Disclosure

Performance

Performance data reflects a specific class of units. Other fee classes may currently be available or may become available in the future. Not all fee classes are available for investment by all plans. Fees vary across fee classes, and the net returns investors earn will be different from one fee class to another.

Performance shown represents past performance and should not be considered indicative of, or a guarantee of, future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than that shown. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate. Your investment, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than the original cost. Any fee waivers result in higher performance than what would have otherwise been realized.

Performance return figures represent the total change in net assets with capital gains and income dividends reinvested. Performance information is presented net of any applicable trustee fees, management fees, contract fees, or other fees or expenses which are borne by the Fund. See "Fees and Expenses" for more information.

Chart Explanations

The following are explanations of some terms used in the Volatility Analysis, Portfolio Analysis, and Performance charts.

Volatility Analysis

Standard deviation indicates the percentage by which a portfolio's performance has varied from its average performance in any given month during the period indicated. The higher the standard deviation, the greater the range of performance, indicating greater volatility.

Sharpe ratio refers to a risk-adjusted measure calculated using standard deviation and excess returns to determine reward per unit of risk. The higher the ratio, the better the fund's historical risk-adjusted performance.

Information Ratio is a risk-adjusted performance measure. The information ratio is a special version of the Sharpe Ratio in that the benchmark doesn't have to be the risk-free rate.

R-squared measures how closely a fund's performance correlates with that of its benchmark, thus representing how much of the fund's performance can be explained by the overall market or index. 1 indicates perfect correlation; 0 indicates no correlation.

Beta is a measure of a portfolio's volatility, or systematic risk, in comparison to a benchmark. Systematic risk is the tendency of the values of the fund and the benchmark to move together. A beta below 1 indicates less volatility than the benchmark; a higher beta indicates more volatility. A negative beta indicates the fund tends to move opposite its benchmark.

Alpha is a measure of performance on a risk-adjusted basis. The excess return of the fund relative to the return of the benchmark index is a fund's alpha. A positive Alpha figure indicates the Fund has performed better than its Beta would predict. In contrast, a negative Alpha indicates the Fund has underperformed, given the expectations established by Beta.

Portfolio Analysis

This section of the quarterly fact sheet includes various charts and graphs about the Fund's portfolio. The Morningstar Equity and Fixed Income Style Boxes™ are described below under Morningstar Style Box™.

Equity funds may include up to eleven *Equity Sectors* assigned to three super sector classifications: Cyclical Super Sector includes industries significantly impacted by economic shifts, and the stocks included in these sectors generally have betas greater than 1; Defensive Super Sector generally includes industries that are relatively immune to economic cycles, and the stocks in these industries generally have betas less than 1; and Sensitive Super Sector includes industries that ebb and flow with the overall economy, but not severely so, and these stocks generally have betas that are close to 1.

Fixed income funds may include *F-I Sectors*, which is broken out among common fixed income sectors including U.S. Treasury and Treasury futures, U.S. Government Agency, mortgage-backed securities (MBS), collateralized mortgage obligation (CMO), asset-backed securities (ABS), commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS), corporate bonds (Corp), which includes structured securities such as collateralized loan obligations, convertibles (Conv) and, Cash (Cash/Other).

Fixed income funds may also include *Credit Analysis*, which represents the grading of a debt security with respect to the issuer's ability to meet interest and principal requirements in a timely manner. Ratings by S&P, Moody's, or any other Nationally Recognized Security Rating Organization (NRSRO) are measured on a scale that generally ranges from AAA (highest) to D (lowest). Issues rated AAA, AA, A and BBB are considered investment grade. Bonds, including government and government-related, not rated by a NRSRO are included in the Not Rated category. Higher-rated bonds generally provide lower returns and greater safety. Weighted average ratings methodology uses the highest of any NRSRO. Portfolio average credit quality is calculated on a dollar-weighted basis.

Benchmark: Bloomberg US HY 1% Issuer Cap TR USD

This index measures the USD-denominated, high yield, fixed-rate corporate bond market with a issuer constraint, where cap issuer exposure to 1%.

The Fund performance is accompanied by performance of a published index selected based on the Fund strategy in an effort to compare the performance of a market of securities commonly seen as eligible for that strategy. Indices are unmanaged and not available for direct investment. Indices do not reflect expenses that are borne by investors in the Fund, such as management fees and transaction costs, which reduce returns.

Composite

The US Broad Market High Yield Composite ("Composite") includes all discretionary portfolios whose investment strategy is to maximize total return by investing broadly across the high yield market in primarily US high yield fixed income securities. Sub-sector allocation and issue selection

are key strategies that will be employed. Composite returns may include securities lending income. This Composite was created on December 31, 2002.

The Composite includes 16 portfolios and \$33,327.21 million in aggregate assets at 6/30/2026.

The Composite includes all client portfolios managed and identified by the Sub-Advisor (or if the Fund invests in an Underlying Fund, by the Underlying Fund Advisor) that have investment objectives, policies, and strategies that are substantially similar to those of the Fund.

The Composite performance information is included because the Fund has a limited performance history and the Composite provides comparative past performance of such substantially similar strategy for a longer time period relative to the Fund's benchmark. The Composite performance reflects the reinvestment of income and the deduction of trading expenses, and has been adjusted to reflect an amount that equals or exceeds fees and expenses that a Fund investor would bear, including management fees, custody fees and operating expenses of the Fund (and, if applicable, fees and expenses of the Underlying Fund). Composite valuations and returns are computed in U.S. Dollars ("USD") and reflect currency exchange rate impacts when investments are made in other currencies.

Despite the similar strategy management of the Composite and the Fund, investment results between the Fund and the Composite as well as among portfolios in the Composite can vary due to a number of factors. Some of the key factors that can impact investment results would be differences in the specific investment management guidelines and any unique restrictions such as ERISA investment restrictions applicable to the Fund, the timing and direction of cash flows relative to changes in market valuation, differing liquidity needs that impact cash holdings, differences in asset sizes and the impact on pricing and execution of investments, the differences in the types of investors and their trading activities (for example, retirement plans tend to have longer investment horizons and retirement plans and their participants tend to invest on a more periodic basis), different inception dates, and different regulatory, securities and tax regimes, restrictions or limitations to which the portfolios and Fund are subject.

Third Party Rating

Morningstar is a third party that provides certain Fund ratings by applying its proprietary methodology based on different time periods as described above through the date of this Fact Sheet. The Trustee compensates Morningstar for production of the Fact Sheets but not for the ratings. The Sub-Advisor or Underlying Fund Manager may have independent agreements with Morningstar that do not relate to the Fund rating.

Any published third-party rankings, awards or similar groupings have inherent limitations and qualifications, and are not indicative of the experience of any client or investor or of the future performance of the Fund. There can be no assurance that the universe upon which the awards were

Disclosure

based included all investment products within each category that are actually in operation or existence. The investment products on which the ratings were based may differ substantially in terms, objective, strategy, target risk return profile and certain other significant respects from those referenced herein with respect to the Fund.

Morningstar Category: High Yield Bond

High-yield bond portfolios concentrate on lower-quality bonds, which are riskier than those of higher-quality companies. These portfolios generally offer higher yields than other types of portfolios, but they are also more vulnerable to economic and credit risk. These portfolios primarily invest in U.S. high-income debt securities where at least 65% or more of bond assets are not rated or are rated by a major agency such as Standard & Poor's or Moody's at the level of BB (considered speculative for taxable bonds) and below.

Morningstar Rating™

The Morningstar Rating™ is provided for those collective investment trusts (CITs) with at least a three-year history. Ratings are based on the CIT's Morningstar Risk-Adjusted Return measure which accounts for variation in monthly performance, placing more emphasis on downward variations and rewarding consistent performance. The Morningstar Rating does not include any adjustment for sales loads. Morningstar compares each CIT's risk-adjusted return against the breakpoints for the exchange-traded fund and open-end mutual fund universe for that category. The top 10% of exchange-traded and open-end mutual funds in each category receive 5 stars, the next 22.5% receive 4 stars, the next 35% receive 3 stars, the next 22.5% receive 2 stars and the bottom 10% receive 1 star. The CIT's Morningstar Rating does not affect the retail fund data published by Morningstar.

Morningstar Return

The Morningstar Return rates a fund's performance relative to other managed products in its Morningstar Category. It is an assessment of a product's excess return over a risk-free rate (the return of the 90-day Treasury Bill) in comparison with the products in its Morningstar category. In each Morningstar category, the top 10% of products earn a High Morningstar Return (High), the next 22.5% Above Average (+Avg), the middle 35% Average (Avg), the next 22.5% Below Average (-Avg), and the bottom 10% Low (Low). Morningstar Return is measured for up to three time periods (three, five, and 10 years). These separate measures are then weighted and averaged to produce an overall measure for the product. Products with less than three years of performance history are not rated.

Morningstar Risk

Morningstar Risk evaluates a fund's downside volatility relative to that of other products in its Morningstar Category. It is an assessment of the variations in monthly returns, with an emphasis on downside variations, in comparison with the products in its Morningstar category. In each Morningstar category, the 10% of products with the lowest measured risk are described as Low Risk (Low), the next 22.5% Below Average (-Avg), the middle 35% Average (Avg), the next 22.5% Above Average (+Avg), and the top 10% High (High). Morningstar Risk is measured for up to three time periods (three, five, and 10 years). These separate measures are then

weighted and averaged to produce an overall measure for the product. Products with less than three years of performance history are not rated.

Morningstar Style Box™

The Morningstar Style Box™ reveals a fund's investment strategy as of the date noted on this report. For equity funds, the vertical axis shows the market capitalization of the long stocks owned, and the horizontal axis shows the investment style (value, blend, or growth.) A darkened cell in the style box matrix indicates the weighted average style of the portfolio.

For portfolios holding fixed-income investments, a Fixed Income Style Box is calculated. The vertical axis shows the credit quality based on credit ratings and the horizontal axis shows interest-rate sensitivity as measured by effective duration. There are three credit categories - "High", "Medium", and "Low"; and there are three interest rate sensitivity categories - "Limited", "Moderate", and "Extensive"; resulting in nine possible combinations. As in the Equity Style Box, the combination of credit and interest rate sensitivity for a portfolio is represented by a darkened square in the matrix. Morningstar will use credit ratings from CRAs which have been recognized by foreign regulatory institutions that are deemed the equivalent of the NRSRO designation.

To determine the rating applicable to a holding and the subsequent holding weighted value of a portfolio two methods may be employed. First is a common methodology approach where if a case exists such that two CRAs have rated a holding, the lower rating of the two should be applied; if three or more CRAs have rated a holding, the median rating should be applied; and in cases where there are more than two ratings and a median rating cannot be determined, the lower of the two middle ratings should be applied. Alternatively, if there is more than one rating available an average can be calculated from all and applied. Please Note: Morningstar, Inc. is not an NRSRO nor does it issue a credit rating on the fund. Credit ratings for any security held in a portfolio can change over time.

Morningstar uses the credit rating information to calculate a weighted-average credit quality value for the portfolio. This value is based only upon those holdings which are considered to be classified as "fixed income", such as government, corporate, or securitized issues. Other types of holdings such as equities and many, though not all, types of derivatives are excluded. The weighted-average credit quality value is represented by a rating symbol which corresponds to the long-term rating symbol schemas employed by most CRAs. Note that this value is not explicitly published but instead serves as an input in the Style Box calculation. This symbol is then used to map to a Style Box credit quality category of "low," "medium," or "high". Funds with a "low"

credit quality category are those whose weighted-average credit quality is determined to be equivalent to the commonly used High Yield classification, meaning a rating below "BBB", portfolios assigned to the "high" credit category have either a "AAA" or "AA+" average credit quality value, while "medium" are those with an average rating of "AA-" inclusive to "BBB-". It is expected and intended that the majority of portfolios will be assigned a credit category of "medium".

For assignment to an interest-rate sensitivity category, Morningstar uses the average effective duration of the portfolio. From this value there are three distinct methodologies employed to determine assignment to category. Portfolio which are assigned to Morningstar municipal-bond categories employ static breakpoints between categories. These breakpoints are: "Limited" equal to 4.5 years or less, "Moderate" equal to 4.5 years to less than 7 years; and "Extensive" equal to more than 7 years. For portfolios assigned to Morningstar categories other than U.S. Taxable, including all domiciled outside the United States, static duration breakpoints are also used: "Limited" equals less than or equal to 3.5 years, "Moderate" equals greater than 3.5 years but less than or equal to 6 years, and "Extensive" is assigned to portfolios with effective durations of more than 6 years.

Note: Interest-rate sensitivity for non-U.S. domiciled portfolios (excluding those in Morningstar convertible categories) may be assigned using average modified duration when average effective duration is not available.

For portfolios Morningstar classifies as U.S. Taxable Fixed-Income, interest-rate sensitivity category assignment is based on the effective duration of the Morningstar Core Bond Index (MCBI). The classification assignment is dynamically determined relative to the benchmark index value. A "Limited" category will be assigned to portfolios whose average effective duration is between 25% to 75% of MCBI average effective duration, where the average effective duration is between 75% to 125% of the MCBI the portfolio will be classified as "Moderate", and those portfolios with an average effective duration value 125% or greater of the average effective duration of the MCBI will be classified as "Extensive".

Fees and Expenses

An investor in the Fund will bear its pro rata portion of Fund and share class fees and expenses, including applicable Trustee fees, Sub-Advisor fees, contract fees, and other operating expenses related to the Fund. Other operating expenses may include, but are not limited to, audit expenses, custody service fees, transfer agency fees, tax form preparation expenses, legal and other fees. Any expenses incurred in connection with the investment and reinvestment of Fund assets (including, without limitation, brokerage commissions, and expenses) will be borne by the Fund and reflected in the Fund's performance.

Except as noted below, if the Fund invests in one or more underlying funds, then Fund investors would indirectly bear any expenses of those underlying fund(s), including any fees paid to the underlying fund manager, and the impact of those expenses would be reflected in the performance of the Fund

Disclosure

and the underlying fund. Those fees are expensed directly to the underlying fund(s) unless otherwise noted in this section or in the Participation Agreement signed by the plan sponsor or plan fiduciary prior to investing in the Fund (which should be carefully reviewed for such information). Expenses of the underlying fund(s) may change, thereby impacting the performance of the underlying fund(s) and the Fund. If the Fund invests substantially all of its assets in one or more underlying funds, the expenses of those underlying funds are separately identified in the "Underlying Fund Fees" line of the table below, which is updated from time to time to reflect changes.

For additional details on fees and expenses, investors can refer to the Participation Agreement.

Following is a breakdown of the fees on the Fund's share class: Fees and expenses are as of the Fund's most recent calendar quarter-end, and may reflect applicable breakpoints or blended rates that vary by asset size. Expenses may fluctuate with asset size changes.

PGIM High Yield Bond Fund Class R	
Management Fee %	0.290
Trustee Fee %	0.060
Service Provider Fee %	0.000
Other Expenses %	0.000
Underlying Fund Fees %	0.000
Gross Ratio %	0.350
Fee Waiver (%)	0.000
Net Expense Ratio %	0.350

The example in the following table is intended to illustrate the ongoing costs of investing in the Fund's share class and to compare these costs with other investments. This example is based on an investment of \$1,000 invested for one year using the Fund's actual expense ratio in the fee table above, and assuming a return of 0% for the year. The actual expenses an investor will be relational based on the actual amount invested or redeemed during the year and the Fund's return during that time period.

Expenses (1 year) \$3.50

Fees and expenses are only one of several factors that Plan investors and their participants should consider when making investment decisions. The cumulative effect of fees and expenses can substantially reduce the growth of a Plan participant's retirement account. Plan participants can visit the Employee Benefit Security Administration's website for an example demonstrating the long-term effect of fees and expenses.

Please note that this fee and expense section does not comply with all of the disclosure requirements for an ERISA "section 404(c) plan," as described in the Department of Labor regulations under section 404(c), nor does it contain all of the disclosure required by Rule 404a-5. Plan sponsors intending to comply with those regulations will need to provide the plan participants with additional information. The information provided in this Fact Sheet is provided for

general information only and should not be construed as investment advice or a recommendation.

Basic Terms and Conditions

Plan participation in the Fund is governed by the Declaration of Trust and the terms of the Participation Agreement, which must be carefully reviewed and signed by the plan sponsor or plan fiduciary prior to investing in the Fund. The Declaration of Trust and Participation Agreement provide limitations on liability and indemnifications in favor of the Trustee. The information in this Fact Sheet is only a summary of some of the key features of the Fund and should be carefully read in connection with the **Additional Fund Information and Principal Risk Definitions**. In the event of a conflict between the Fact Sheet and the Declaration of Trust or Participation Agreement, the Declaration of Trust or Participation Agreement control.

To learn more or obtain additional materials governing the Fund, please contact your plan sponsor or plan trustee. You may also obtain a copy of the Declaration of Trust (including the Fund Declaration) and Participation Agreement, without charge, by contacting:

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